# **UNAIDS STRATEGY**

Stop TB Strategy Consultation

UNAIDS 2016-2021 Strategy



#### Presentation overview

- 1 Consultation process so far
- 2 Overview of draft UNAIDS 2016-2021 Strategy
- 3 HIV/TB
- 4 Next steps



## At its 35th meeting, the PCB requested:

"the Executive Director to undertake a multistakeholder consultative process to update and extend the UNAIDS 2011-2015 Strategy through the fast track period 2016-2021...taking into account the 2011 Political Declaration on HIV and AIDS and ongoing discussions on the post-2015 Sustainable Development Goals, and report back on this process at the 36th PCB."



## Strategy consultations

7 UNAIDS Regions + North America, Western Europe



#### Global consultations

#### **Online**

- 23<sup>rd</sup> March-2<sup>nd</sup> April
- Aim to enable broader, more diverse engagement
- Four discussion fora including one on youth in partnership with the PACT
- 280 inputs; 50 countries; 5 languages

#### In Geneva

- Chaired by the Ambassador of the Republic of Zimbabwe
- 50 MS; All Cosponsors
- 4 PCB NGOs



#### Structuring the conversation:

#### Background paper, questions and framework

- Participants provided with background paper
- Posed 6 guiding questions shaped each consultation and report
- Presented draft strategic framework

GETTING TO ZERO:
HOW WILL
WE FASTTRACK THE
AIDS
RESPONSE?

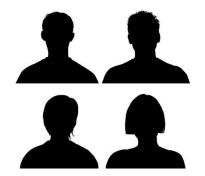
Discussion paper for global consultation on UNAIDS Strategy 2016-2021

# 36<sup>th</sup> Board meeting (30 June-2 July)

- Synthesis of outcomes and preliminary outline presented in Board
- Stakeholders' statements reaffirmed key messages identified over the previous months
- Board 'expressed appreciation for the consultative process undertaken so far'
- Board 'reaffirm[ed] the UNAIDS vision of the Three Zeros and the strategic directions in the current UNAIDS 2011-2015 Strategy; and '[took] note of the new data and analysis in recent UNAIDS reports (the Gap report, Fast Track report and Cities report) which provide compelling evidence for accelerated investment and action in the next five years, based on regional variations, to enable countries to end the AIDS epidemic by 2030'
- Board was especially keen to see alignment with sustainable development agenda

# Second phase of consultations on draft Strategy

- First complete draft Strategy shared with all Stakeholders on 3 August
- Second virtual consultation 3-21st August
- 125 inputs, 4 languages
- Large number from Civil Society, incl. PCB NGO consolidated response and other partners such as the Global Fund, IPPF, GNP+, ICW, GCWA, MSMGF, GNSWP, NCD Alliance, etc.





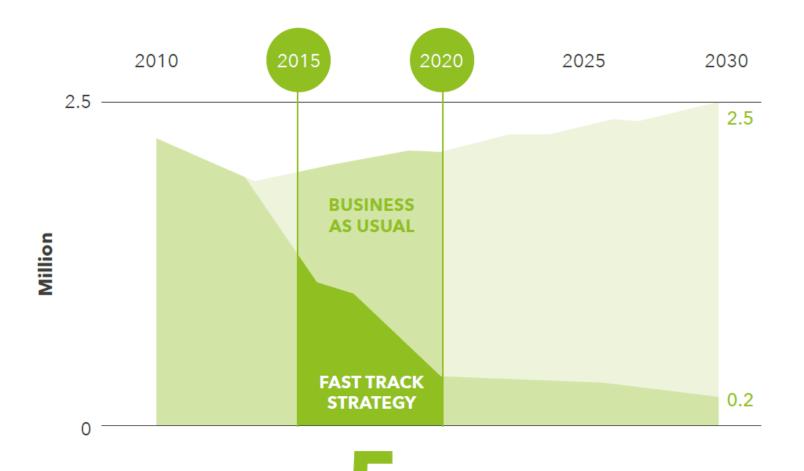
#### Parameters of the Strategy update

- Build on current strategy 3 zeros, 3 Strategic Directions,
   Goal/target architecture
- What we were aiming for: Continue to serve as visionary & bold roadmap for global AIDS response and UN Joint Programme
- While accounting for commitment to ending AIDS, evidence from Gap report on who is left behind and the need for diversified responses, changing context, and necessity/urgency to Fast-Track response
- → Updated Strategy is about how to implement the Fast-Track approach and demonstrates the contribution of the AIDS response to the SDGs and expanding global health agenda



#### A SHORT FIVE-YEAR WINDOW

#### **DECLINE IN NEW ADULT HIV INFECTIONS**



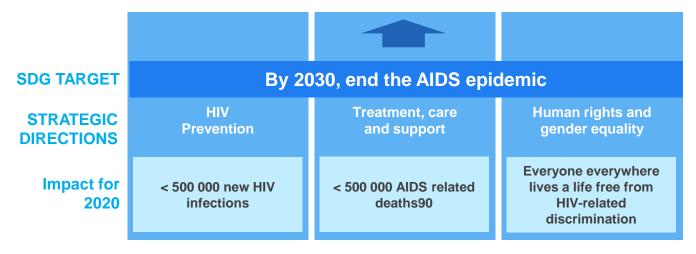
YEAR

WINDOW



#### **Draft Goal Framework**

# Zero New HIV Infections Zero Aids-related Deaths Zero Discrimination



#### 2016-2021 STRATEGY ACTION AREAS AND TARGETS

- 1. Ensure healthy lives and promote well being for all at all ages
- 2. Reduce inequality in access to services and commodities
- 3. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls
- 4. Promote inclusive societies for sustainable development
- 5. Strengthen the means of implementation



#### **Draft Goal Framework**

90% of countries provide integrated health services for HIV, TB, Hep B/C, SRHR, NCDs and nutrition and food security

Proposed sub goal



## How UNAIDS will deliver on its goals

#### HIV/TB: A partnership

- Scale-up of collaborative HIV/TB activities has decreased the number of TB-related deaths among people living with HIV by 33% worldwide since 2004
- TB remains a leading cause of death among people living with HIV, accounting for one in five AIDS-related deaths globally
- The Global Plan to Stop TB 2016-20 provides an opportunity to ensure greater alignment between efforts of Stop TB and the Joint Programme





#### Next steps

- 2<sup>nd</sup> draft being finalized, integrating inputs received
- Series of informal consultations with stakeholders will take place in September and October with the help of the Chair and Vice-chair of the Board
- Final strategy will presented to 37<sup>th</sup> PCB, October 2015
- High Level Meeting in 2016



## Thank You

**#UNAIDSstrategy2021** 

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